NOV/DEC 1989 ISSUE # 27

VZ 200/300

HUNTER VALLEY

VZ JOURNAL

A VERY
MERRY
CHRISTMAS
AND HAPPY
NEW YEAR

PRODUCED BI-MONTHLY BY H.V.VZ.U.G.

EDITOR'S COMMENTS 27/2

THIS PUBLICATION WAS PREPARED ON A STAR NX 1000 PRINTER USING DAVE MITCHELL'S PATCH 3.3 WITH E & F WORD PROCESSOR. HI & LO-RES SCREEN DUMPS AND LISTINGS WERE DONE USING LARRY TAYLOR'S PRINTER PATCH V1.4 AVAILABLE FROM VSOFTWAREZ WHILE PATCH3.3 IS AVAILABLE FROM HUNTER VALLEY VZ USERS' GROUP.

H.V.VZ JOURNAL SUPPLEMENT —

NOTE - THIS SUPPLEMENT LIKE THE PREVIOUS ONE IS DESIGNED TO BE REMOVED FROM THE JOURNAL AND PLACED WITH PREVIOUS SUPPLEMENTS AND IS NUMBERED ACCORDINGLY.

27/3 - CONDOLENCES . . . . .

THE HUNTER VALLEY VZ USER'S GROUP EXPRESSES ITS CONDOLENCE AND SYMPHATHY TO THE NEWCASTLE EARTHQUAKE VICTIMS AS WELL AS THEIR FAMILIES AND FRIENDS. THEIR LOSS AND SORROW HAS BEEN EXTENSIVE.

OUR SINCERE SYMPHATHY ALSO TO YESTERDAY'S (17-1-1990) VICTIMS OF THE PERTH EARTHQUAKE AS WELL. SO FAR WE DON'T KNOW IF ANY LOSS OF LIFE, INJURY OR DAMAGE HAS OCCURED THERE, NEVER-THE-LESS WE AS VICTIMS OURSELVES UNDERSTAND THEIR SUFFERING AND EXTEND OUR SYMPHATHY TO THEM.

SINCERE THANKS . . . . .

MY DEEPEST APPRECIATION AND THANKS FOR THE MANY LOCAL, INTRASTATE AND INTERSTATE PHONE CALLS FROM MEMBERS EXPRESSING THEIR CONCERN ABOUT MY AND MY FAMILIES WELL BEING SINCE THE EARTHQUACKE.

WE WERE AWAY IN MELBOURNE DURING THE CHRISTMAS-NEW YEAR PERIOD AND SO WE WERE SAFE. OUR HOUSE SUSTAINED ONLY MINOR DAMAGE. A CRACKED BRICK FRONT VERANDAH AND FRONT AND REAR STEPS WHICH ALL HAVE TO BE REPLACED. I COUNT MYSELF AMONG THE LUCKY ONES.

APOLOGIES . . . . .

AS YOU'LL NOTICE BY THIS ISSUE THE JOURNAL IS TWO MONTHS LATE AND I HOPE YOU ACCEPT MY SINCERE APOLOGIES. UNFORTUNATELY SOME INJURIES FROM THE CAR ACCIDENT ARE GETTING WORSE INSTEAD OF BETTER. BESIDES THE ACHES AND PAINS I'M FINDING IT VERY DIFFICULT AT TIMES TO CONCENTRATE AND REMEMBER THINGS WHICH I FIND VERY ANNOYING.

THE NEXT ISSUE WILL BE LATE AS WELL AND I WISH TO INFORM OUR SUBSCRIBERS THAT NOBODY WILL MISS OUT ON THEIR SUBSCRIPTION AS THEY ARE CHARGED PER ISSUE, NOT TIME. IT IS HOPED THAT THAT THE JOURNAL WILL BE ABLE TO CATCH UP BY MID YEAR. PLEASE BEAR WITH US.

FEBRUARY CLUB MEETING . . . . .

ON FEBRUARY 2, 1990 PETER HICKMAN AN INTRASTATE MEMBER WILL DEMONSTRATE HIS VERSION OF SERIAL INTERFACE FOR THE VZ TOGETHER WITH A MODEM. I BELIEVE PETER HAS MADE QUITE A BREAKTHROUGH AS THE DISK DRIVE CAN BE USED FOR DATA STORAGE NOW. SHOULD HAVE MORE DETAILS NEXT ISSUE. MOST OF THE LOCAL MEMBERS MYSELF INCLUDED ARE EXITED ABOUT PETER'S IMPENDING DEMONSTRATION AT OUR CLUB AND IT SHOULD BE AN INFORMATIVE AND ENTERTAINING EVENING.

VZ MOUSE . . . . .

GARY BULLEY, ONE OF OUR CLEVERER MEMBERS HAS A WORKING PROTOTYPE FOR THE VZ AND IT WILL BE DEMONSTRATED AT THE CLUB AND IN DUE COURSE A DETAILED PROJECT WILL APPEAR IN THE JOURNAL.

DISCLAIMER . . . . .

EVERY EFFORT IS MADE TO INSURE THE ACCURACY OF INFORMATION CONTAINED WITHIN BE IT GENERAL, TECHNICAL, PROGRAMMING, ETC. NO RESPONSIBILITY CAN BE ACCEPTED BY HUNTER VALLEY VZ USERS' GROUP OR THE AUTHOR AS A RESULT OF APPLYING SUCH INFORMATION IN PRACTICE.

LOOKING AT THESE IN BINARY IT IS -

```
11111111B  FFH   MASK 0
00111111B  3FH   MASK 1
00001111B  0FH   MASK 2
00000011B  03H   MASK 3
00000000B  00H   MASK 4
```

CLEARLY, A LOGICAL RIGHT SHIFT OF FFH WILL PROVIDE THE MASK SEQUENCE.

FOR THOSE ASTUTE READERS, THE QUESTION OF A RIGHT TO LEFT SWEEP OF THE SCREENS SHOULD NOW BE OCCURRING! USING THE SAME TWO STARTING BYTES (B1H AND D8H) THE SEQUENCE OF BYTES IS -
B1H - B0H - 98H - 98H - D8H.
SIMILARLY, THE MASK SEQUENCE IS -
FFH - FCH - F0H - C0H - 00H.
A LOGICAL LEFT SHIFT OF FFH WILL ACHIEVE THIS. CHECK ALL OF THIS OUT FOR YOURSELF TO CONFIRM THAT I AM NOT "SPINNING A YARN".

WELL, THAT COMPLETES THE ALGORITHM TO ALLOW HI-RES SCREENS TO PASS ACROSS ONE ANOTHER. WHAT DOES THE ASSEMBLER CODE LOOK LIKE?

HERE GOES!

```
;LEFT TO RIGHT SWEEP OF HI-RES SCREEN
SSCN EQU 7000H      ;START OF VRAM
SBUF EQU 0F000H     ;START OF REPLACEMENT SCREEN BUFFER
SZSC EQU 0800H      ;SIZE OF SCREEN
LLEN EQU 20H        ;NO. OF BYTES IN ONE SCREEN LINE
NLIN EQU 40H        ;NO. OF SCREEN LINES
;
     CALL SAVR      ;SAVE ALL REGISTERS TO STACK
     LD IX,SBUF     ;POINT TO INCOMING BYTE
     LD IY,SSCN     ;POINT TO REPLACED BYTE
     LD B,LLEN      ;SET COLUMN COUNTER
NCL7 PUSH BC        ;SAVE COLUMN COUNTER
     LD H,0FFH      ;PIXEL MASK TEMPLATE
     LD B,4         ;SET PIXEL COUNTER
NPX7 PUSH BC        ;SAVE PIXEL COUNTER
     SRL H          ;SHIFT MASK FOR R.H. PIXEL PRESERVATION
     SRL H
     LD A,H         ;PUT MASK INTO ACC.
     CPL            ;NOT MASK
     LD L,A         ;NOT MASK IN L-REG FOR L.H. PIXEL PRESERVATION
     LD B,NLIN      ;SET LINE COUNTER
NLN7 LD A,(IX+0)    ;PUT INCOMING BYTE INTO ACC.
     AND L          ;MASK OUT R.H. PIXELS
     LD D,A         ;SAVE L.H. PIXELS
     LD A,(IY+0)    ;PUT REPLACED BYTE INTO ACC.
     AND H          ;MASK OUT L.H. PIXELS
     OR D           ;LOGICAL ADD R.H. AND L.H. PIXELS
     LD (IY+0),A    ;UPDATE SCREEN
     LD DE,LLEN     ;INCREMENT BY ONE LINE
     ADD IX,DE      ;POINT TO NEXT LINE OF INCOMING
     ADD IY,DE      ;POINT TO NEXT LINE OF REPLACED
     DJNZ NLN7      ;SEE IF LINES FINISHED?
     CALL DLAY      ;DO A PAUSE AT END OF COLUMN
     LD DE,0-SZSC   ;DECREMENT TO RETURN TO TOP OF CURRENT COLUMN
     ADD IX,DE      ;POINT TO TOP OF CURRENT COLUMN
```

```
POP BC          ;RECOVER PIXEL COUNTER
DJNZ NPX7       ;SEE IF ALL PIXELS DONE?
INC IX          ;POINT TO NEXT COLUMN
INC IY          ;POINT TO NEXT COLUMN
POP BC          ;RECOVER COLUMN COUNTER
DJNZ NCL7       ;SEE IF COLUMNS FINISHED?
CALL RESR       ;RECOVER REGISTERS
RET             ;FINISH
```

WELL THERE IT IS! I AM NOT GOING TO PROVIDE THE ASSEMBLER CODE FOR THE RIGHT TO LEFT SWEEP AS IT IS A SIMPLE VARIATION ON THE CODE GIVEN.

INCIDENTLY, NINE TYPES OF HI-RES SCREEN REPLACEMENTS ARE DETAILED IN AN ARTICLE BEING PRESENTED IN JOHN D'ALTON'S LE'VZ. LOOK OUT FOR THEM. ALONG WITH MY ARTICLE ON SCREEN MOVE SUBROUTINES IN HVVZUG NEWSLETTER, THERE IS NOW AN INTERESTING SET OF GRAPHICS AND ANIMATION HANDLING PRIMITIVES AVAILABLE FOR VZ USERS.

MY NEXT CONTRIBUTION IN THIS NEWSLETTER WILL CONSIST OF AN INTERRUPT-DRIVEN TECHNIQUE FOR REMOVING THAT ANNOYING HASH OR FLICKER FROM THE VZ SCREEN. (EVER PLAYED DSE'S DAWN PATROL?) THIS WILL COMPLEMENT MY SET OF CONTRIBUTIONS ON THE HI-RES GRAPHICS THEME.

IN THE MEAN TIME HAVE FUN WITH LOGIC OPERATORS AND ASSEMBLER.

LIVEN-UP ANIMATION & GRAPHICS BY BOB KITCH

7 EURELLA STREET KENMORE QLD 4069

WANT TO HAVE A UTILITY THAT DISPLAYS HIGH SPEED ANIMATION AND GRAPHICS WITHOUT FLICKER? THEN THIS IS THE PROJECT FOR YOU! READ ON!

THIS ARTICLE IS THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE AND INTEGRATED SOFTWARE PROJECT FOR THE VZ EVER ATTEMPTED IN A USERS GROUP MAGAZINE. THE PROJECT CONSISTS OF FIVE PROGRAMS - THREE WRITTEN IN BASIC (SET-UP, LOAD-UP AND THROW-UP) AND TWO WRITTEN IN ASSEMBLER (START-UP AND MOVE-UP) - RESULTING IN A PACKAGE THAT WILL "LIVEN-UP" THE USE OF THE VZ. THE GROUP OF PROGRAMS PROVIDE A UTILITY IN, WHAT I TERM, FAST BASIC. ASSEMBLER IS USED TO SPEED UP FUNCTIONS THAT ARE TOO SLOW IN BASIC. THIS MOST OFTEN OCCURS IN TWO INSTANCES - THE FIRST IS WHEN HIGH-SPEED PROCESSING IS REQUIRED, AND THE SECOND IS WHEN PRECISE CONTROL OF A PERIPHERAL IS REQUIRED. EACH ASSEMBLER PROGRAM FULFILS ONE OF THESE SHORTCOMINGS OF BASIC. (MOVE-UP AND START-UP RESPECTIVELY). NINE ASSEMBLER "PRIMITIVES" FOR SCREEN MOVES, GRAPHICS OR ANIMATION ARE PROVIDED IN MOVE-UP. THEY PROVIDE AN INTERMEDIATE INTRODUCTION TO ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING.

FOR THOSE WHO CAN'T WAIT FOR THE ENTIRE GROUP OF LISTINGS TO BE PUBLISHED OVER THE COMING MONTHS, (OR CAN'T BE BOTHERED KEYING THEM IN) I AM WILLING TO PROVIDE THE ENTIRE PROJECT ON DISK FOR $20. THIS INCLUDES ALL SOURCE AND OBJECT CODE PLUS A SET OF PICTURE FILES.

BACKGROUND TO PROJECT.

FOR SOME TIME NOW I HAVE BEEN CONTEMPLATING SOME REAL-TIME HI-RES GRAPHICS DISPLAYS ON THE VZ TO LIVEN-UP INTEREST IN THE COMPUTER. ALSO, IN A PREVIOUS ARTICLE, (SEE LE'VZ #24, PG. 3 & 4) I HAVE PROVIDED DETAILS OF HI-SPEED SCREEN MOVE SUBROUTINES. FURTHERMORE, THE ADDITIONAL MEMORY CAPACITY OF THE 64K MEMORY EXPANSION, THAT SOME USERS HAVE, HAS NOT BEEN GREATLY UTILIZED BY PROGRAMMERS. THIS ARTICLE, ACCOMPANIED BY THE SUITE OF PROGRAMS, PROVIDES SOME INSIGHT INTO THE THREE ASPECTS JUST DETAILED.

THE PROGRAMS ALLOW A PICTURE SHOW TYPE OF DISPLAY TO BE IMPLEMENTED WITHOUT CONSTANT UP-LOADING FROM DISK. THE PROGRAMS ARE WRITTEN FOR VZ'S THAT HAVE 64K MEMORY EXPANSION PACKS AND ARE DISK-BASED - ALTHOUGH THE PROGRAMS COULD BE EASILY ADAPTED TO VZ'S HAVING 16K EXPANSIONS AND TAPE UNITS.

FOR THOSE INTERESTED, THE SOFTWARE PACKAGES USED TO DEVELOP THIS UTILITY WERE AS FOLLOWS -

-STANDARD BASIC AND DOS ROMS.
-THE EDASM USED WAS DSE'S MODEL PATCHED WITH DISKOPS4.
-QUICKWRITE TEXT ED ALLOWS DISKOPS SOURCE FILES TO BE HANDLED AS W-FILES.
-THE MONITOR USED WAS FROM DISK DOCTOR AND WAS USED FOR PATCHING AND BREAKPOINTING.
-PICTURE FILES WERE BUILT USING ART GALLERY.

DESIGN CONCEPT.

A HI-RES SCREEN ON THE VZ OCCUPIES 2048 BYTES (2K) OF MEMORY. THE 64K MEMORY EXPANSION MODULE CONTAINS FOUR BY 16K BANKS OF RAM MEMORY. WHEN PROGRAMMING IN BASIC, ONLY MEMORY BANKS 0 AND 1 ARE EASILY ACCESSED. ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMERS CAN ACCESS BANKS 2 AND 3, WHICH, IN FACT, OVERLAP IN ADDRESS SPACE WITH BANK 1. A FORM OF "MEMORY BANK SWITCHING" IS USED TO OVERCOME THIS OVERLAY PROBLEM.

WHEN PROGRAMMING IN BASIC, THE PROGRAM STATEMENT TABLE AND VARIABLE LIST TABLE BOTH RESIDE IN LO-MEM (GENERALLY IN BANK 0 ALTHOUGH LARGE PROGRAMS EXTEND INTO BANK 1). THE SYSTEMS AREA, CONSISTING OF THE VIDEO DISPLAY AREA AND COMMUNICATIONS AREA, ALSO RESIDE IN BANK 0. THE DOS VECTOR, STRING AREA AND STACK ARE ALL ORGANISED, ON BOOT-UP, INTO HI-MEM LOCATED AT THE TOP OF BANK 1. THE INTERVENING AREA OF RAM IS FREE SPACE, AND AS PROGRAM DEVELOPEMENT AND EXECUTION PROCEED, THE VARIOUS TABLES (WITH SOME EXCEPTIONS) DYNAMICALLY BUILD INTO THIS FREE SPACE. SWITCHING BANKS 1/2/3, WHEN IN BASIC, NORMALLY RESULTS IN A CRASH, AS THE HI-MEM TABLES BECOME "DISMEMBERED" FROM THE LO-MEM TABLES.

IT IS POSSIBLE TO REORGANIZE AND RESTRICT THE "BASIC WORK AREA" ENTIRELY INTO BANK 0 - PROVIDED THAT THE PROGRAMS AND THEIR ASSOCIATED DYNAMIC AND STATIC TABLES ARE KEPT SHORT. MEMORY BANKS 1 TO 3 ARE THEN "RESERVED" FOR OTHER USE SUCH AS VIDEO SCREEN BUFFER AREAS. THE BASIC WORK AREA EXTENDS FROM 7AE9H TO BFFFH. THE PROBLEM OF SWITCHING BANKS WHILST RUNNING BASIC PROGRAMS BECOMES TRIVIAL AND HI-SPEED MOVES FROM HI-MEM TO THE VIDEO RAM AREA BECOME POSSIBLE BY SHORT MACHINE LANGUAGE CALLS. IT IS ALSO NECESSARY FOR THE BASIC PROGRAM TO BE ABLE TO PASS VARIABLES TO THE M/L ROUTINE - BUT THIS IS ALSO EASY TO ACHIEVE. (THE LOAD MAP FOR THE PROJECT IS PROVIDED IN THE REMARKS ON THE END OF SETUP)

THE TOP OF BANK 0 IS BFFFH. BANKS 1 TO 3 OCCUPY C000H TO FFFFH. IT IS POSSIBLE TO BUFFER EIGHT 2K HI-RES SCREENS IN EACH MEMORY BANK, MAKING A TOTAL OF 24 SCREENS THAT CAN BE STORED IN THE 64K MEMORY PACK. THE POWERFUL Z80 BLOCK MOVE ROUTINE CAN MOVE 2K OF MEMORY AROUND IN 12.16 MSEC. (THAT'S FAST!) WITH THE Z80 RUNNING AT 3.58 MHz. THE SCREEN DISPLAY IS UPDATED EVERY 20 MSEC. ALTERNATIVELY, SOME 96 LO-RES SCREENS (512 BYTES) COULD BE STORED INTERNALLY. OBVIOUSLY LOADING THE 48K OF DATA INTO THE MEMORY IS BEST ACHIEVED ON A DISK-BASED SYSTEM. ROUTINES TO HANDLE THE LOADING OF DATA AND THE SHIFTING OF DATA BETWEEN HI- AND LO- MEM (BOTH DIRECTIONS) ARE REQUIRED.

THE ABILITY TO MOVE DATA AROUND IN RAM AT THIS SPEED ALLOWS ANIMATED GRAPHICS TO BECOME A POSSIBILITY. THE TECHNIQUE IMPLIED IS NOT REAL-TIME STUFF HOWEVER. THE METHOD REALLY USES "PRE-FORMATTED" SCREENS OR "PAGES" THAT ARE PAGED INTO THE VIDEO DISPLAY AREA.

LIVEN-UP ANIMATION & GRAPHICS CONT.

I AM SURE EVERYONE WHO HAS USED THE VZ IN HI-RES MODE WILL HAVE NOTICED THE ANNOYING "FLICKER" ON THE SCREEN WHENEVER AN IMAGE IS UPDATED. THE CAUSE OF THIS EFFECT IS THE SUBJECT OF A FURTHER ARTICLE. IT IS SUFFICIENT TO SAY HERE, THAT THE FLICKER OCCURS WHENEVER THERE IS A CONFLICT BETWEEN THE TIMING OF A Z80 WRITE OPERATION AND A 6847 VDG READ OPERATION. BY INTERCEPTING THE INTERRUPT SIGNAL (PREVIOUSLY EXPLAINED IN LE'VZ #23, PG. 10 & 12 AND LE'VZ #24, PG. 8 & 9) AND USING A "SCREEN BUFFER AREA", IT IS POSSIBLE TO OVERCOME THE "SCREEN HASH" PROBLEM.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION.

IT WAS DECIDED THAT THREE BASIC SUBPROGRAMS COULD ACHIEVE THE DESIRED EFFECT AND KEEP PROGRAM LENGTH SHORT.

THE FIRST BASIC PROGRAM IS CALLED SETUP AND DISPLAYS A SERIES OF INTRODUCTORY SCREENS TO THE USER. SETUP THEN CALLS THE FIRST OF THE ASSEMBLER ROUTINES CALLED STARTUP.

STARTUP CARRIES OUT A NUMBER OF FUNCTIONS THAT ARE MORE EASILY ACHIEVED FROM A LOW LEVEL LANGUAGE. AS THIS ROUTINE IS ONLY NEEDED TEMPORARILY, IT IS LOADED INTO PART OF THE HI-RES VIDEO RAM AREA. FIRST THE TOM IS LOWERED TO BFFFH AND ALL BASIC POINTERS ARE RESET ACCORDINGLY. NEXT, THE 310 BYTE DOS VECTOR IS PLACED BELOW THE NEW TOM BY JUMPING TO 4004H IN THE DOS ROM. THIS INVOKES A REBOOT OF THE SYSTEM AND THE READY MESSAGE WILL APPEAR. CONTROL IS PASSED BACK TO THE BASIC ROM AND THE DOS VECTOR AT 79ACH CALLED. TO AUTORUN THE NEXT BASIC PROGRAM CALLED LOADUP REQUIRES A SMART BIT OF PROGRAMMING AND KNOWLEDGE OF THE DOS ROM. THE SOURCE CODE FOR STARTUP DETAILS ALL. LOADUP IS BOOTED BY STARTUP.

THE SECOND BASIC PROGRAM CALLED LOADUP IS RUN NEXT. A NUMBER OF CHECKS ON THE CONFIGURATION OF THE VZ SYSTEM ARE CARRIED OUT TO CONFIRM THAT ALL IS O.K. THE BANK SWITCHING OF THE 64K PACK IS EXERCISED AND VERIFIED AS PRESENT AND OPERATIONAL. NEXT, THE FIRST 4 IDENTIFICATION BYTES (AAH, 55H, E7H, 18H) OF THE DOS ROM ARE VERIFIED TO CONFIRM THAT A DISK-BASED SYSTEM IS IN PLACE. THE BOOT-UP OF THE SYSTEM, CARRIED OUT BY THE INITIAL PROGRAM LOADER, SEEKS THESE FOUR BYTES AT 4000H, 6000H AND 8000H TO LEARN THE CONFIGURATION OF THE SYSTEM BEING BOOTED. ANY ROM CARTRIDGE INSERTED AT THESE LOCATIONS NEEDS THESE IDENTIFICATION BYTES TO BE RECOGNIZED. AFTER THIS, THE TOP-OF-MEMORY LOCATION UNDER THE DOS VECTOR IS CHECKED SO THAT NO CONFLICT ACROSS THE BANK 0 TO BANK 1/2/3 ADDRESS CAN OCCUR.

LOADUP THEN FURTHER LOWERS THE TOP-OF-MEMORY TO AFFFH (THE DOS VECTOR IS NOT MOVED). THIS CREATES AN AREA OF "PROTECTED MEMORY". THE SECOND OF THE ASSEMBLER ROUTINES CALLED MOVEUP IS LOADED IN TO THIS AREA OF MEMORY. A SMALL M/L ROUTINE IS ALSO LOADED INTO PROTECTED MEMORY. FOURTEEN BYTES OF THE FAMILIAR BLOCK MOVE ROUTINE ARE LOADED IN AND THE USR VECTOR SET TO POINT AT THE START OF THIS ROUTINE. THE ROUTINE AS LOADED HAS THE HL REGISTER (SOURCE) SET TO THE START OF THE VIDEO DISPLAY RAM AT 7000H AND WHICH EXTENDS TO 77FFH (THE 2K SCREEN AREA). THE DE REGISTER (DESTINATION) IS FIRST SET TO THE BOTTOM OF BANK 1/2/3 AT C000H. THE SIZE OR BC REGISTER IS SET TO 800H OR 2K. AS THE 2K SCREEN PAGES OCCUR ON SIMPLE BOUNDARIES IN ADDRESS SPACE, (C000H, C8000H, D000H, D8000H ETC.) IT IS ONLY NECESSARY TO ALTER THE MOST SIGNIFICANT BYTE OF THE DESTINATION ADDRESS AS THE 2K SCREEN FILES ARE LOADED FROM DISK. THE ADDRESS OF THIS BYTE IN THE M/L ROUTINE IS ASSIGNED IN LINE 1800 TO ENABLE THE BASIC PROGRAM TO PASS VARIABLES INTO THE M/L ROUTINE.

IT WAS DECIDED THAT THE EASIEST WAY TO PRESENT THE 24 FILENAMES FOR THE SCREENS TO BE PRESENTED TO LOADUP WAS VIA DATA STATEMENTS LOCATED IN LINES 2000 TO 2080. THERE IS SCOPE TO ALTER THIS IF REQUIRED.

CONTINUED NEXT ISSUE . . .

```
10 '*************************
20 '***      SET-UP         ***
30 '*** PROGRAM I OF III   ***
40 '*** TO LOAD 24 HI-RES  ***
50 '*** SCREENS INTO 64K   ***
60 '*** MEM. EXP.          ***
70 '***  BOB KITCH  6/88   ***
80 '*************************
98 '
99 '***PUT UP INTRO MESSAGE.
100 GOSUB 620
110 PRINT"THIS IS THE FIRST OF A SERIES OFSUBPROGRAMS DESIGNED";
120 PRINT" TO ALLOW 24HI-RES SCREENS TO BE LOADED AND STORED ";
130 PRINT"IN A 64K MEMORY EXP. THE 2K SCREENS ARE LOADED ";
140 PRINT"VIA DOS.  THE SCREENS ARE STORED IN MEM.  BANKS 1 TO";
150 PRINT" 3 OF THE MEMORY      EXPANSION."
160 GOSUB 600
200 PRINT" <SET-UP> LOWERS TOM TO BFFFH - THE TOP OF BANK 0."
210 PRINT"THE DOS VECTOR IS ALSO LOWERED.":PRINT
220 PRINT" <LOAD-UP> SETS THE BLOCK MOVE  SECTION OF M/L IN ";
230 PRINT"PLACE. ALSO   THE 24 HI-RES SCREENS ARE CALLEDFROM ";
240 PRINT"DATA STATEMENTS. USUALLY   THESE EXIST ON A ";
250 PRINT"<PICTURE DISK> WHILST THE SUBPROGRAMS ARE ON A ";
260 PRINT"<PROGRAM DISK>"
270 GOSUB 600
300 PRINT" <THROW-UP> AUTOMATICALLY PAGES THROUGH THE 24 ";
310 PRINT"SCREENS. THIS IS SIMILAR TO <PICTURE SHOW>."
320 PRINT"THE SPEED AT WHICH THE PAGING   OCCURS CAN BE VARIED."
330 PRINT"HI-SPEED ANIMATION IS QUITE     POSSIBLE."
340 PRINT:PRINT"ALTERNATIVELY, FANCY SCREEN     MOVES CAN BE ";
350 PRINT"SELECTED."
360 GOSUB 600
400 PRINT"THE SUBPROGRAMS CHECK FOR THE   64K MEM. EXP. AND DOS"
410 PRINT:PRINT"TWO A/L PROGRAMS ARE USED."
420 PRINT:PRINT"<START-UP> LOWERS THE DOS       VECTOR."
430 PRINT:PRINT"<MOVE-UP> CONTAINS THE FANCY    SCREEN MOVES."
460 GOSUB 600
498 '
499 '***RUN LOAD-UP PROGRAM.
500 PRINT"LOADING START-UP & LOAD-UP"
510 BRUN"STARTUP"
598 '
599 '***SUBROUTINE FOR NEW SCREEN.
600 PRINT@480,"[illegible]";
610 A$=INKEY$:A$=INKEY$:IF A$="" THEN GOTO 610
620 CLS:PRINT@13,"[illegible]":PRINT:PRINT:RETURN
999 '
1000 '***CALLING SEQUENCE THROUGH PROGRAMS.
1010 'RUN T:SETUP   CALLS...
1020 '   BRUN B:STARTUP    CALLS...
1030 '     RUN T:LOADUP        CALLS...
1040 '       BLOAD B:MOVEUP
1050 '         RUN T:THROWUP
1060 '
1070 'A/L SOURCE CODE
1080 'SOURCE  W:START   OBJECT  B:STARTUP   ORIGIN  7200H
1090 'SOURCE  W:MOVE    OBJECT  B:MOVEUP    ORIGIN  0BC00H
1099 '
```

```
1100 '***LOAD MAP FOR LIVEN-UP.
1110 '0C000H-0FFFFH  - 3 BY 16K BANKS OF PICTURE BUFFERS.
1120 '0BEC8H-0BFFFH  - 310 BYTE DOS VECTOR AND BUFFER.
1130 '0BEABH-0BEB8H  - 14 BYTE G.P. BLOCK MOVE ROUTINE.
1140 '0BC00H-0BE0FH  - 528 BYTE MOVEUP ROUTINES.
1150 '0B200H-0BA00H  - 2K BYTE SCREEN BUFFER.
1160 '0AFFFH         - TOM FOR BASIC PROGRAMS.
1170 '0AFCDH-0AFFFH  - STRING SPACE.
1180 '0AF98H-0AFCCH  - STACK.
1190 ' 849DH-0AF97H  - FREE SPACE.
1200 ' 849DH- 849DH  - DIM VAR. TABLE (NONE).
1210 ' 8481H- 849CH  - VARIABLE TABLE.
1220 ' 7AE9H- 8480H  - PROGRAM STATEMENT TABLE.
1230 ' 7AE9H         - SOB FOR BASIC PROGRAMS.
1240 ' 7200H- 7233H  - STARTUP ROUTINE IN HI-RES SCREEN AREA.
1250 'THE BASIC PROGRAM AREA IS DESCRIBED FOR <THROWUP>.
9998 '
9999 '***UPDATE DISK FILE.
10000 ERA"SETUP":SAVE"SETUP"
20000 END
```

WHAT COMPUTER NOW BY JOE LEON . . .

I GET ASKED THIS QUESTION QUITE OFTEN AND IT'S A VERY DIFFICULT ONE TO ANSWER. IT DEPENDS ON MANY FACTORS WITH THE MOST IMPORTANT TWO BEING COST AND WHAT DO YOU, NOT I WANT TO DO WITH IT. WHAT MAY SUIT ME, MIGHT BE PARTIALLY OR TOTALLY UNSUITABLE FOR YOU.

AS SOME OF YOU ALREADY KNOW AND BY THE TIME YOU READ THIS I SHOULD BE IN POSESSION OF AN IBM AT COMPATIBLE COMPUTER AND I'LL EXPLAIN MY REASONS FOR PURCHASING ABOVE INSTEAD OF AN AMIGA, AMSTRAD, ETC. FOR ME THE CHOICE WAS SIMPLE AS I KNEW WHAT USE IT WOULD BE PUT TO.

NEXT YEAR I'LL BE DOING A COMPUTER OFFICE COURSE TO ENHANCE MY JOB PROSPECTS AND HOPEFULLY LEARN SOME NEW SKILLS AS WELL. MY SON PAUL IS DOING A THREE YEAR COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS COURSE WITH TWO MORE YEARS TO GO. IN BOTH ABOVE AN IBM OR COMPATIBLE IS USED WHICH MADE MY CHOICE EASY AND OTHER FACTORS CAME INTO COSIDERATION AS WELL, EG:-

PRINTERS - MY STAR NX1000 PRINTER IS IBM COMPATIBLE AND WHEN I WAS LOOKING FOR A PRINTER I HAD IBM COMPATIBILITY IN MIND.

PCB CAD & CIRCUIT DESIGN CAD - AS MOST OF YOU ARE AWARE I HAVE A VERY KEEN INTEREST IN HARDWARE MODS TO THE VZ, SO IT GOES WITHOUT SAYING THAT A PCB CAD (PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN) AND CIRCUIT DESIGN CAD PROGRAM WILL BE OF BENEFIT TO ME AND OTHER VZ USERS AS WELL. AT LONG LAST I LL BE ABLE TO OFFER PCB'S FOR PAST AND FUTURE HARDWARE PROJECTS THAT HAVE APPEARED OR WILL APPEAR IN THE JOURNAL.

ALTHOUGH THE IBM COMPATIBLE COST ME AN ARM AND A LEG I CONSIDER IT AN INVESTMENT IN MY AND MY FAMILY'S FUTURE. YOUR NEEDS MORE THAN LIKELY WILL DIFFER FROM MINE SO TRY TO ENVISAGE YOUR FUTURE AS WELL AS YOUR PRESENT NEEDS AND MAKE YOUR CHOICE ACCORDINGLY.

BACK-UP - THIS IS VERY IMPORTANT. NEXT TIME YOU GO TO A NEWSAGENT HAVE A LOOK AT WHAT MAGAZINES AND HOW MANY ARE AVAILABLE FOR EACH COMPUTER. THIS WILL GIVE A GOOD INDICATION OF SUPPORT FOR A PARTICULAR COMPUTER.

SETTING UP A VPROG IN VIDEO MEMORY

THE MEMORY CELL BEFORE START OF A BASIC PROGRAM MUST CONTAIN A ZERO BYTE, OTHERWISE THE PROGRAM WILL NOT RUN (UNLESS YOU RUN IT FROM A LINE THAT IS NOT THE FIRST LINE OF THE PROGRAM). THAT IS WHY THE LAST BYTE OF THE COMMUNICATIONS REGION (ADDRESS 31464) IS '0'.

SO WE NEED A ZERO BYTE IN ADDRESS 29185, JUST BEFORE START OF A VPROG. WE WILL ALSO NEED ZERO BYTES IN 29186 AND 29187 TO BEGIN WITH, TO INITIALLY SET UP A NULL PROGRAM IN VIDEO MEMORY. ONE EASY WAY TO ZERO ALL OF VIDEO MEMORY FROM 29184 ONWARD IS TO ENTER THE MODE(1) COMMAND. BUT WE'LL DO IT ANOTHER WAY SINCE WE HAVE TO ALTER THE PROGRAM POINTERS ANYWAY:

```
POKE29185,0      <RETURN>
PRINT&           <RETURN>    REM THIS RESETS START POINTER TO 29186
NEW             <RETURN>
```

REM : THIS SETS UP A NULL PROGRAM IN VIDEO MEMORY AND RESETS END POINTER, ETC. TO VIDEO MEMORY (29188)

NOW YOU CAN TYPE IN LINES OF A BASIC PROGRAM AND THE PROGRAM WILL BE PLACED IN VIDEO MEMORY FROM 29186 ON. USE THIS COMMAND FROM TIME TO TIME TO MAKE SURE THE PROGRAM DOES NOT GO BEYOND 30719:

```
PRINTPEEK(30969)+PEEK(30970)*256
```

NOW MAKE A BINARY SAVING OF VIDEO MEMORY FROM 29184 TO 30719 THUS:-

```
BSAVE"YOURNAME",7200,77FF
```

THIS IS YOUR VPROG.

THE ERT FACILITY OF SUITE2 IS ACCESSED USING A PRINT&6 COMMAND.

<CTRL> <P> THEN <SHIFT> <6> THEN <6>

A SERIES OF NUMBERS WILL THEN DISPLAY ON SIX SCREEN LINES:-

```
A
B     C
D     E
F     G
H
I
```

A IS START ADDRESS OF PROGRAM MEMORY.
B IS END ADDRESS OF BASIC PROGRAM IN PROGRAM MEMORY.
C IS LENGTH OF BASIC PROGRAM.
D IS END OF SIMPLE VARIABLES LIST/START OF ARRAY VARIABLES LIST.
E IS LENGTH FROM START OF PROGRAM TO END OF SIMPLE VARIABLES LIST.
F IS END OF ARRAY VARIABLES LIST/START OF FREE MEMORY.
G IS LENGTH FROM START OF PROGRAM TO END OF ARRAY VARIABLES LIST.
H IS ADDRESS OF TOP OF MEMORY [MINUS DISK BUFFER].
I IS THE AMOUNT OF FREE MEMORY AVAILABLE.

UNTIL A BASIC PROGRAM IS RUN, D AND F EQUAL B; E AND G EQUAL C. IF THE PROGRAM DOES NOT USE ARRAYS THEN F EQUALS D AND G EQUALS E.

27/11 KEYBOARDING PART I BY JOE LEON

AS EDITOR I RECEIVE QUITE A BIT OF MAIL RANGING FROM HARD TO READ SCRIBBLED NOTES TO TYPE-WRITTEN LETTERS WITH SPOT ON PUNCTUATION, SPELLING AND LAYOUT AND QUITE A MIXTURE IN BETWEEN. SINCE MY VOLUNTARY EARLY RETIREMENT EARLIER THIS YEAR I'VE TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF ALL THE EXTRA FREE TIME TO LEARN SOME NEW SKILLS BY DOING TWO COURSES.

ONE OF THE COURSES IS A 10 WEEK KEYBOARDING (TYPEWRITING) COURSE TO ENHANCE MY JOB PROSPECTS AND SHOULD ALSO HELP ME TO PREPARE A BETTER PRESENTED PUBLICATION WITH HOPEFULLY LESS ERRORS. SINCE THE 'PUNCTUATION' FOR TYPEWRITING AND WORD-PROCESSING IS SIMILAR I THOUGHT AN ARTICLE ON THE SUBJECT WOULD NOT GO ASTRAY.

I'LL START WITH A BRIEF EXPLANATION OF INTERNATIONAL PAPER SIZES AND THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO EACH OTHER.

A 0 - 1189 X 841MM	A 6 - 148 X 105MM
A 1 - 841 X 594MM	A 7 - 105 X 74MM
A 2 - 594 X 420MM	A 8 - 74 X 52MM
A 3 - 420 X 297MM	A 9 - 52 X 37MM
A 4 - 297 X 210MM	A10 - 37 X 26MM
A 5 - 210 X 148MM	

BY FOLDING ANY SHEET FROM A0 TO A9 ALONG ITS LENGHT AND CUTTING IT IN HALF ALONG THE FOLD WILL PRODUCE TWO SHEETS OF NEXT SMALLER SIZE. EG: AN A3 SHEET WILL PRODUCE TWO A4 SHEETS. MOST OF YOU SHOULD BE FAMILIAR WITH THE A4 SIZE AS IT'S THE ONE USED FOR THE JOURNAL. CONVERSLY TWO A5'S SIDE BY SIDE WILL PRODUCE AN A4 SIZE. TWO TERMS ARE USED TO DESCRIBE HOW INFORMATION IS PRESENTED ON A SHEET OF PAPER WHICH ARE:

PORTRAIT - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THE SHORT EDGE OF THE PAGE IS AT TOP LIKE IN A 'PORTRAIT' AND THE JOURNAL IS IN THIS STYLE.

LANDSCAPE - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THE LONG EDGE OF THE PAGE IS AT TOP LIKE IN A 'LANDSCAPE' AND BUSINESS CARDS USE THIS STYLE.

THERE ARE QUITE A FEW STANDARD RULES GOVERNING THE USE OF TYPEWRITTEN OR WORDPROCESSOR GENERATED TEXT WHICH ALSO APPLY TO ADDRESSING ENVELOPES AS WELL. IN DUE COURSE I'LL COVER MOST OF THEM IN THIS AND COMING ISSUES. THE A4 SIZE WILL BE USED AS REFERENCE IN THE SERIES.

LINE SPACING - S/S, D/S AND T/S:

S/S - (SINGLE LINE SPACING) - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THERE ARE NO CLEAR LINES BETWEEN LINES OF TEXT AS IN THIS PARARAGRAPH.

D/S - (DOUBLE LINE SPACING) - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THERE IS

ONE CLEAR LINE BETWEEN LINES OF TEXT AS IN THIS PARARAGRAPH.

T/S - (TRIPLE LINE SPACING) - THIS TERM INDICATES THAT THERE ARE

TWO CLEAR LINES BETWEEN LINES OF TEXT AS IN THIS PARAGRAPH.

LINES PER PAGE - 70 LINES WILL FIT ON AN A4 SIZE PAGE BUT IN PRACTICE YOU'LL ONLY GET ABOUT 58 LINES. THE REASON FOR THAT IS FAIRLY SIMPLE. WHEN YOU FEED A SHEET OF PAPER IN TO YOUR TYPEWRITER OR PRINTER YOU'LL FIND THAT ABOUT SIX LINES AT TOP AND BOTTOM CANNOT BE PRINTED ON. MOST TYPEWRITERS ARE DESIGNED THAT WAY TO LEAVE A CLEAR TOP AND BOTTOM MARGIN BUT THE NUMBER OF CLEAR LINES TOP AND BOTTOM COULD VARY ON PRINTERS.

SPEECH SYNTHESISER BY GARY BULLEY

I HAVE JUST COMPLETED THE CONSTRUCTION OF A TEXT TO SPEECH SYNTHESISER AND FOUND THAT WHEN I CONNECT IT TO THE PRINTER PORT OF THE VZ AND USE THE LPRINT COMMAND SOME CHARACTERS ARE LOST DUE TO THE SLOW INPUT SPEED OF THE SYNTHESISER. TO OVERCOME THIS PROBLEM I WROTE THE SMALL PROGRAM LISTED BELOW AND THOUGHT IT MAY BE OF INTEREST TO OTHER READERS.

```
10 CLS:POKE30862,80:POKE30863,52
20 POKE(PEEK(30753)*256+PEEK(30752)),124
30 IFINKEY$=S$THEN30
40 S$=INKEY$:S$=INKEY$
50 IFS$=""THEN40
60 X=USER(X)
70 PRINTS$;
80 S=ASC(S$):OUT0,S:OUT1,0
90 GOTO 20
```

A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROGRAM IS AS FOLLOWS :-

LINE 10 CLEARS SCREEN AND POKES THE ADDRESS OF THE ROM 'BEEP' ROUTINE.

LINE 20 PEEKS THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION (30752 30753) AND POKES THE CURSOR CHARACTER INTO THIS POSITION.

NOTE: READERS MAY WISH TO USE THEIR OWN CURSOR CHARACTER HERE. SIMPLY REPLACE THE 124 WITH CURSOR CHARACTER OF YOUR OWN CHOICE.

LINE 30 HOLDS THE PROGRAM UNTIL COMPLETION OF A KEYSTROKE.

LINES 40-50 INPUTS A CHARACTER FROM THE KEYBOARD.

LINE 60 SOUNDS A BEEP AFTER A KEYPRESS.

LINE 70 PRINTS A CHARACTER ON THE SCREEN.

LINE 80 OUTPUTS AN ASCII CHARACTER TO THE PRINTER PORT AND ACTIVATES THE STROBE LINE.

LINE 90 RETURNS TO LINE 20 AND THE PROGRAM IS READY FOR MORE TEXT.

ON THE NEXT PAGE IS A DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM INCORPORATING ABOVE ROUTINE. NEEDLESS TO SAY PROGRAM COULD BE ENLARGED AND TAKEN MUCH FURTHER AND I LEAVE IT TO YOUR IMAGINATION. HAVE FUN.

```
10 POKE30862,80:POKE30863,52:GOTO 500
20 POKE(PEEK(30753)*256+PEEK(30752)),124
30 IF INKEY$=S$ THEN 30
40 S$=INKEY$:S$=INKEY$
50 IF S$=""THEN 30 ELSE IF S$="^"THEN 500:REM ^ = SHIFT+N
60 X=USR(X)
70 PRINT S$;
80 S=ASC(S$):OUT0,S:OUT1,0
90 GOTO 20
95 :
100 DIMS$(100)
110 S$="MACHINE GUN.GGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG"
120 PRINT@74,"MACHINE GUN"
130 TD=2600:GOSUB 400
140 SS$="HELICOPTER.QQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQQ"
150 PRINT@138,"HELICOPTER"
160 TD=4000:GOSUB 400
170 SS$="FROG.BHBHBHBH.BHBHBHBH,BHBHBHBH..BHBHBH.BHBHBHBH,BHBHB"
180 PRINT@202,"FROG"
190 TD=2700:GOSUB 400
200 PRINT@266,"SPRING"
210 SS$="SPRING.HNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNKNH"
220 TD=5000:GOSUB 400
230 PRINT@330,"RAYGUN"
240 SS$="RAYGUN.JHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJHJ"
250 TD=2800:GOSUB 400
260 GOTO 500
390 :
400 S=LEN(SS$)
410 FORI=1 TO S
420 OUT 0,ASC(MID$(SS$,I,1)):OUT 1,0
430 NEXT
440 OUT 0,ASC(CHR$(13)):OUT 1,0
450 FOR I=1 TO TD:NEXT
460 RETURN
490 :
500 CLS:PRINT@35,"SPEECH  SYNTHESISER  DEMO"
510 PRINT@67,"-------------------------"
520 PRINT@166,"[D] - DEMONSTRATION"
530 PRINT@262,"[E] - ENTER TEXT"
540 PRINT@358,"[^] - RETURN TO MENU":REM ^ = SHIFT+N
550 PRINT@396,"FROM TEXT ENTRY":SOUND 25,3
560 :
570 A$=INKEY$:A$=INKEY$:IFA$=""THEN 570 ELSE X=USR(X)
580 IF A$="D" THEN CLS:RUN 100
590 IF A$="E" THEN CLS:GOTO 20 ELSE 570
```

NOTE 1: THE TD (TIME DELAY) IN LINES 130, 160, 190, 220, 250 AND EXECUTED BY LINE 450 MAY NEED SOME ADJUSTING. THE IDEA IS TO LEAVE A SHORT PAUSE BETWEEN THE END OF ONE SPOKEN WORD/SOUND DEMO AND THE START OF THE NEXT ONE. THE ONES IN ABOVE LINES ARE A GUIDE ONLY.

NOTE 2: SOME OF THE ROUTINES MAY NOT WORK WITH YOUR SYNTHESISER AS THEY DEPEND TO A LARGE EXTENT ON YOUR PRINTER INTERFACE. WE TRIED THREE PRINTER INTERFACES AND EACH PRODUCED A DIFFERENT RESULT. SOME EXPERIMENTATION MAY BE NECESSARY.

```
00001 ;CHECK DISK ROUTINE
00002 ; ORIGIN 9000 HEX
00003       CALL 01C9H
00004       LD   HL,MES1
00005       CALL 2B75H
00006 A1    CALL 0049H
00007       CP   0DH
00008       JR   NZ,A1
00009       LD   (IY+11H),0
00010       LD   (IY+12H),0
00011       DI
00012       CALL 4008H
00013       LD   BC,0032H
00014       CALL 4038H
00015 A2    CALL 4035H
00016       OR   A
00017       JR   Z,A3
00018       LD   HL,MES2
00019       JP   END
00020 A3    INC  (IY+11H)
00021       LD   A,0FH
00022       CP   (IY+11H)
00023       JR   NZ,A2
00024       CALL 4035H
00025       OR   A
00026       JP   NZ,S1
00027       LD   (IY+11H),0
00028       LD   (IY+12H),1
00029       LD   L,(IY+31H)
00030       LD   H,(IY+32H)
00031       LD   E,(IY+34H)
00032       LD   D,(IY+35H)
00033       LD   BC,0050H
00034       LDIR
00035 A4    DI
00036       CALL 4035H
00037       OR   A
00038       JP   NZ,ERR
00039 A4A   INC  (IY+11H)
00040       LD   A,10H
00041       CP   (IY+11H)
00042       JR   NZ,A4
00043       LD   (IY+11H),0
00044       INC  (IY+12H)
00045       LD   A,28H
00046       CP   (IY+12H)
00047       JR   NZ,A4
00048       LD   L,(IY+31H)
00049       LD   H,(IY+32H)
00050       PUSH HL
00051       LD   (HL),0
00052       POP  DE
00053       PUSH DE
00054       INC  DE
00055       LD   BC,007FH
00056       LDIR
00057       POP  DE
00058       LD   L,(IY+34H)
00059       LD   H,(IY+35H)
00060       LD   BC,0050H
00061       LDIR
00062       LD   (IY+11H),0FH
00063       LD   (IY+12H),0
00064       CALL 4032H
00065       OR   A
00066       JR   Z,A5
00067 S1    LD   HL,MES3
00068       JP   END
00069 A5    LD   L,(IY+31H)
00070       LD   H,(IY+32H)
00071       LD   DE,0
00072       LD   C,4EH
00073 A6    LD   B,8
00074       LD   A,(HL)
00075 A7    RRC  A
00076       JR   C,A8
00077       INC  DE
00078 A8    DJNZ A7
00079       INC  HL
00080       DEC  C
00081       JR   NZ,A6
00082       PUSH DE
00083       PUSH DE
00084       POP  HL
00085       CALL 0FAFH
00086       LD   HL,MES4
00087       CALL 2B75H
00088       POP  HL
00089       PUSH HL
00090       SRL  H
00091       RR   L
00092       SRL  H
00093       RR   L
00094       SRL  H
00095       RR   L
00096       CALL 0FAFH
00097       LD   A,2EH
00098       CALL 033AH
00099       POP  HL
00100       LD   A,7
00101       AND  L
00102       INC  A
00103       LD   B,A
00104       LD   HL,0FF83H
00105       LD   DE,007DH
00106 A9    ADD  HL,DE
00107       DJNZ A9
00108       CALL 0FAFH
00109       LD   HL,MES5
00110 END   CALL 2B75H
00111       CALL 400BH
00112       JP   1A19H
00113 ERR   LD   L,(IY+34H)
00114       LD   H,(IY+35H)
00115       LD   A,(IY+12H)
00116       DEC  A
00117       SLA  A
00118       LD   E,A
00119       LD   D,0
00120       LD   A,(IY+11H)
```

```
00121        CP   8
00122        CCF
00123        ADC  HL,DE
00124        AND  7
00125        INC  A
00126        LD   B,A
00127        LD   C,(HL)
00128        RLC  C
00129 A13    RRC  C
00130        DJNZ A13
00131        SET  0,C
00132        LD   B,A
00133        RRC  C
00134 A14    RLC  C
00135        DJNZ A14
00136        LD   (HL),C
00137        JP   A4A
00138 MES1   DEFB 1FH
00139 *        CHECK DISK*
00140        DEFB 0DH
00141 *      WRITTEN BY D.MITCHELL*
00142        DEFB 0DH
00143 *    WHEN READY PRESS RETURN
00144        DEFB 0DH
00145        NOP
00146 MES2  EQU  $
00147 *ERROR IN DIRECTORY SECTORS
00148 * TRY  REFORMATTING*
00149        DEFW 000DH
00150 MES3  EQU  $
00151 *ERROR IN STATUS SECTOR TRY
00152 *        REFORMATTING*
00153        DEFW 000DH
00154 MES4  EQU  $
00155 * SECTORS FREE    *
00156        NOP
00157 MES5  EQU  $
00158 *K FREE*
00159        DEFW 0D0DH
00160        NOP
```

CHECK DISK OPERATION EXPLAINED BY DAVE MITCHELL

I WILL ATTEMPT TO EXPLAIN HOW "CHECK DISK" (CHKDSK) OPERATES.

AFTER A DISK IS INITIALIZED OR FORMATTED THE DRIVE HEAD IS MOVED TO TRACK ZERO. THE DOS THEN READS THE IDENTIFICATION ADDRESS MARK AND COMPARES THE TRACK AND SECTOR NUMBERS WITH WHAT IS IN THE DOS COMMUNICATION RAM IF ALL IS OK THEN THE NEXT SECTOR NUMBER IS CHECKED, THIS CONTINUES UNTIL ALL SECTORS ARE CHECKED AND THE DRIVE HEAD IS MOVED TO THE NEXT TRACK AND THE PROCESS IS STARTED OVER AGAIN. THIS IS DONE UNTIL ALL TRACKS ARE CHECKED OR IF A SECTOR NUMBER IS NOT FOUND THEN THE INPUT/OUTPUT ERROR IS PRINTED.

GREAT, BUT ONLY THE IDENTIFICATION ADDRESS MARK WAS CHECKED WHAT ABOUT THE REST OF THE FORMAT? SORRY NO CHECKS ARE DONE AND THIS IS HOW THE I/O ERRORS HAPPEN WHEN SAVING AND LOADING FROM DISK.

CHECK DISK READS THE WHOLE FORMAT AS IF IT WAS LOADING A PROGRAM FROM DISK AND IF A SECTOR HAS AN ERROR THEN THAT SECTOR IS WRITTEN TO THE TRACK MAP AS BEING USED. BY LOCKING OFF THE REJECTED SECTORS FROM USE HOPEFULLY WE CAN SLOW THE I/O ERRORS DOWN. D'ONT HOLD YOUR BREATH WHILE CHECK DISK IS OPERATING AS IT TAKES QUITE SOME TIME AND WILL TAKE LONGER THE MORE SECTORS CANNOT BE FOUND.

LETS PULL THE SOURCE CODE APART . . . . .

```
00001 ;CHECK DISK ROUTINE
00002 ;SELECT DRIVE
00004        CALL 01C9H
00005        LD   HL,MES1
00006        CALL 2B75H
00007 A1     CALL 0049H
```

LINES 4,5 & 6 CLEARS THE SCREEN AND PRINTS THE SIGN ON MESSAGE (MES1).

LINE 7 IS UNUSUAL AS NOT MANY PEOPLE USE THIS CALL, IT SCANS THE KEYS BUT DOES NOT RETURN TO THE CALLER UNTIL A KEY IS PRESSED.

```
00008        CP   0DH
00009        JR   Z,A1A
00010        CP   32H
00011        JR   Z,TWO
00012        CP   31H
00013        JR   NZ,A1
00014        LD   A,10H
00015        JR   T1
00016 TWO    LD   A,80H
00017 T1     PUSH AF
00018        DI
00019        CALL 4008H
00020        LD   A,(IY+20)
00021        OR   A
00022        JR   Z,T2
00023        LD   B,A
00024        CALL 403EH
00025 T2     CALL 400BH
00026        POP  AF
00027        LD   (IY+0BH),A
```

LINES 8 TO 27 THIS IS MY WAY OF STOPPING THE DRIVES FROM BASHING. IF YOU SELECT THE OTHER DRIVE AND THE HEAD IS IN A DIFFERENT LOCATION, DOS WILL RESET THE HEAD BUT BY RESETTING THE HEADS TO TRACK ZERO , I AVOID THIS PROBLEM.

```
00028 A1A    LD   (IY+11H),0
00029        LD   (IY+12H),0
00030        DI
00031        CALL 3450H
00032        CALL 4008H
00033        LD   BC,0032H
00034        CALL 4038H
00035 A2     CALL 4035H
00036        OR   A
00037        JR   Z,A3
00038        LD   HL,MES2
00039        JP   END
```

LINES 28 TO 39 CHECKS THE DIRECTORY FOR AN ERROR . IF FOUND THE PROGRAM PRINTS MESSAGE 2 (MES2) AND JUMPS TO BASIC.

```
00040 A3     INC  (IY+11H)
00041        LD   A,0FH
00042        CP   (IY+11H)
00043        JR   NZ,A2
00044        CALL 4035H
00045        OR   A
00046        JP   NZ,S1
```

LINES 40 TO 46 CHECK THE TRACK MAP SECTOR OR AS YOU KNOW IT THE STATUS.

AGAIN IF AN ERROR IS FOUND THE PROGRAM IS DIRVERTED TO 'S1' WHICH PRINTS MESSAGE 3 (MES3) AND JUMPS TO BASIC.

```
00047        LD   (IY+11H),0
00048        LD   (IY+12H),1
00049        LD   L,(IY+31H)
00050        LD   H,(IY+32H)
00051        LD   E,(IY+34H)
00052        LD   D,(IY+35H)
00053        LD   BC,0050H
00054        LDIR
```

LINES 49 TO 54 MOVES THE TRACK MAP INTO THE MAP BUFFER SO IT IS NOT OVER WRITTEN.

```
00055 A4     DI
00056        CALL 4035H
00057        OR   A
00058        JP   NZ,ERR
00059 A4A    INC  (IY+11H)
00060        LD   A,10H
00061        CP   (IY+11H)
00062        JR   NZ,A4
00063        LD   (IY+11H),0
00064        INC  (IY+12H)
00065        LD   A,28H
00066        CP   (IY+12H)
00067        JR   NZ,A4
```

LINES 55 TO 67, THIS IS THE MAIN PART OF THE PROGRAM. EVERY TRACK/SECTOR FROM TRACK ONE TO THIRTY NINE IS READ INTO MEMORY. LINES 57 & 58 ARE THE ERROR CAPTURE THE OR A TESTS THE A REGISTER AND SETS THE ZERO FLAG AND LINE 58 JUMPS TO THE ERROR (ERR) ROUTINE IF IT IS NOT ZERO (NZ).

```
00068        LD   L,(IY+31H)
00069        LD   H,(IY+32H)
00070        PUSH HL
00071        LD   (HL),0
00072        POP  DE
00073        PUSH DE
00074        INC  DE
00075        LD   BC,007FH
00076        LDIR
00077        POP  DE
00078        LD   L,(IY+34H)
00079        LD   H,(IY+35H)
00080        LD   BC,0050H
00081        LDIR
```

CHECK DISK EXPLANATION CONT.

LINE 68 TO 81 CLEARS THE DATA BUFFER AND MOVES THE TRACK MAP INTO THE DATA BUFFER SO IT CAN BE SAVED TO DISK.

```
00082        CALL WP
00083        LD   (IY+11H),0FH
00084        LD   (IY+12H),0
00085        CALL 4032H
00086        OR   A
00087        JR   Z,A5
00088 S1     LD   HL,MES3
00089        JP   END
```

LINES 82 TO 89 CHECKS FOR WRITE PROTECT AND WRITES TO DISK, IF ALL WELL MESSAGE 3 (MES3) WON'T BE PRINTED.

```
00090 A5     LD   L,(IY+31H)
00091        LD   H,(IY+32H)
00092        LD   DE,0
00093        LD   C,4EH
00094 A6     LD   B,8
00095        LD   A,(HL)
00096 A7     RRC  A
00097        JR   C,A8
00098        INC  DE
00099 A8     DJNZ A7
00100        INC  HL
00101        DEC  C
00102        JR   NZ,A6
00103        PUSH DE
00104        PUSH DE
00105        POP  HL
00106        CALL 0FAFH
00107        LD   HL,MES4
00108        CALL 2B75H
00109        POP  HL
00110        PUSH HL
00111        SRL  H
00112        RR   L
00113        SRL  H
00114        RR   L
00115        SRL  H
00116        RR   L
00117        CALL 0FAFH
00118        LD   A,2EH
00119        CALL 033AH
00120        POP  HL
00121        LD   A,7
00122        AND  L
00123        INC  A
00124        LD   B,A
00125        LD   HL,0FF83H
00126        LD   DE,007DH
00127 A9     ADD  HL,DE
00128        DJNZ A9
00129        CALL 0FAFH
00130        LD   HL,MES5
00131 END    CALL 2B75H
00132        CALL 400BH
00133        JP   1A19H
```

LINES 90 TO 133 WORKS OUT AND PRINTS THE STATUS TO THE SCREEN TURNS OFF THE DRIVE AND JUMPS TO BASIC.

```
00134 ERR    LD   L,(IY+34H)
00135        LD   H,(IY+35H)
00136        LD   A,(IY+12H)
00137        DEC  A
00138        SLA  A
00139        LD   E,A
00140        LD   D,0
00141        LD   A,(IY+11H)
00142        CP   8
00143        CCF
00144        ADC  HL,DE
00145        AND  7
00146        INC  A
00147        LD   B,A
00148        LD   C,(HL)
00149        RLC  C
00150 A13    RRC  C
00151        DJNZ A13
00152        SET  0,C
00153        LD   B,A
00154        RRC  C
00155 A14    RLC  C
00156        DJNZ A14
00157        LD   (HL),C
00158        JP   A4A
```

LINES 134 TO 158. THIS IS THE ERROR (ERR) TRAP ROUTINE BUT ACTUALLY IT IS THE ROUTINE THAT WRITES TO THE TRACK MAP BUFFER AND WORKS OUT THE TRACK/SECTOR THAT HAS BEEN USED.

```
00159 WP     IN   A,(13H)
00160        BIT  7,A
00161        RET  Z
00162        CALL 400BH
00163        EI
00164        LD   HL,WP1
00165        CALL 2B75H
00166        LD   HL,WP2
00167        CALL 2B75H
00168 FA     LD   A,(7AAFH)
00169        OR   A
00170        JR   NZ,FA
00171 K2     CALL 0049H
00172        CP   0DH
00173        JR   NZ,K2
00174        DI
00175        CALL 3450H
```

```
00176       CALL 4008H
00177       LD   BC,0032H
00178       CALL 4038H
00179       RET
```

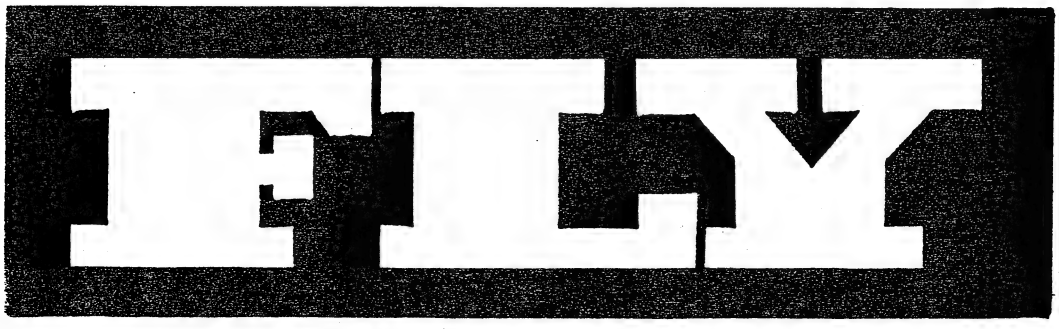
LINES 159 TO 179 ARE THE WRITE PROTECT ROUTINE, IF THE DISK IS WRITE PROTECTED THE PROGRAM WAITS FOR THE USER TO REMOVE THE WRITE PROTECT LABEL AND PRESS THE RETURN KEY. YOU WILL ALSO NOTICE I HAVE MADE USE OF THE ROUTINE AT 0049 HEX AGAIN. IF YOU DON'T REMOVE THE WRITE PROTECT LABEL AND PRESS THE RETURN KEY, THE PROGRAM WILL GO THROUGH THE PROCEDURE OF SAVING THE TRACK MAP TO DISK BUT IT WILL NOT HAPPEN DUE TO THE HARDWARE OR CIRCUIT OF THE DRIVE.

```
00180 MES1 EQU $
00181 *          CHECK DISK*
00182       DEFB 0DH
00183 *     WRITTEN BY D.MITCHELL*
00184 WP2   DEFB 0DH
00185 *    WHEN READY PRESS RETURN
00186       DEFB 0DH
00187       NOP
00188 MES2 EQU  $
00189 *ERROR IN DIRECTORY SECTORS
00190 * TRY  REFORMATTING*
00191       DEFW 000DH
00192 MES3 EQU  $
00193 *ERROR IN STATUS SECTOR TRY
00194 *       REFORMATTING*
00195       DEFW 000DH
00196 MES4 EQU  $
00197 * SECTORS FREE    *
00198       NOP
00199 MES5 EQU  $
00200 *K FREE*
00201       DEFW 0D0DH
00202       NOP
00203 WP1   EQU  $
00204       DEFB 0DH
00205 *REMOVE WRITE PROTECT LABEL*
00206       NOP
```

LINES 180 TO 206 ARE ALL THE MESSAGES USED IN CHECK DISK. I HOPE I HAVE SHONE AT LEAST A DIM LIGHT ONTO HOW THE PROGRAM WORKS. DAVE.

GRAPHIC PUZZLE REVEALED . . .

SOME OF OUR READERS GOT IT STRAIGHT AWAY, OTHERS TOOK A BIT LONGER WHILE THERE COULD BE SOME STILL WORKING ON IT. ONE GLANCE BELOW AND ALL SHOULD BE CLEAR. WHITE LETTERS ON A WHITE BACKGROUND MISLED SOME OF YOU.



CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE HUNTER VALLEY VZ JOURNAL :-

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF CONTRIBUTING TO THE JOURNAL THE PREFERED FORMAT IS BASIC LISTINGS, WORD PROCESSOR OR SOURCE CODE FILES ON TAPE OR DISK. FILES FROM THE FOLLOWING WORD PROCESSORS CAN BE ACCEPTED :-

E & F TAPE OR DISK PATCH 3.1-3.3, WORDPRO CARTRIDGE, WORDPRO PATCH AND ALL QUICKWRITE WORD PROCESSOR FILES.

WANTED TO BUY ----------

64K RAM PACKS & VZ200 6K RAM BOARDS - CONTACT JOE LEON
22 DRURY STREET WALLSEND NSW 2287 --- PHONE (049) 51 2756

CLUB MEETINGS -- ALL WELCOME --

FIRST FRIDAY OF MONTH - NO MEETING IN JANUARY 1990

VENUE - JESMOND NEIGHBOURHOOD CENTRE MORDUE PARADE JESMOND
(REAR STOCKLAND MALL - BIG W)

FEBRUARY 2 - MODEM & SERIAL INTERFACE DEMO BY PETER HICKMAN
MARCH 2 - IBM PC COMPATIBLE
APRIL 6 - VZ MOUSE BY GARY BULLEY

FUTURE DEMONSTRATIONS -

EPROM PROGRAMMER & ERASER, AUCTION NIGHT - USING THE VZ, RITTY, ETC.
IF YOU HAVE ANY IDEAS FOR A DEMONSTRATION OR A SUBJECT THEN PLEASE LET YOUR COMMITTEE KNOW.

CLUB COMMITTEE & SUBSCRIPTIONS -

PRESIDENT --------- ROSS WOODS --- (049) 71 2843
SECRETARY/EDITOR -- JOE LEON ----- (049) 51 2756
TREASURER --------- GARY BULLEY -- (049) 54 7561
COMMITTEE MEMBERS - COLIN BRIDGE - PETER JONES

SUBSCRIPTION TO - AUST. - 6 MONTHS $11.00 - 12 MONTHS $21.00
H.V.VZ.JOURNAL - N. Z. - 6 MONTHS $13.00 - 12 MONTHS $26.00

HUNTER VALLEY VZ USERS' GROUP - PO BOX 161 JESMOND 2299
NEW SOUTH WALES AUSTRALIA

VZ USER GROUPS & PUBLICATIONS --

J.C.E. D'ALTON 39 AGNES STREET TOOWONG QUEENSLAND 4066
LE'VZ OOP (VZ MAGAZINE) - VSOFTWAREZ/SOFTWARE/HARDWARE FOR SALE

VZ DOWN UNDER - VZ MAGAZINE - 6 ISSUES - $18.00 PER YEAR
HARRY HUGGINS 12 THOMAS SREET MITCHAM VICTORIA 3132

WAVZ - WESTERN AUSTRALIA VZ USER GROUP
GRAEME BYWATER P O BOX 388 MORLEY W A 6062

BRISBANE VZ USERS WORKSHOP - C/O 63 TINGALPA ST. WYNUM WEST 4178
SOFTWARE FOR SALE - DISK MENU

NOTE :- WHEN WRITING TO ANY ABOVE OR H.V.VZ. USERS' GROUP FOR INFORMATION PLEASE ENCLOSE A S.S.A.E. OR NZ 2 INT. REPLY COUPONS.

FOR SALE E & F W.P.PATCH 3.3 27/20

PATCH 3.3 WRITTEN BY DAVE MITCHELL WILL CONVERT YOUR E & F TAPE WORD PROCESSOR FOR FULL DISK USE WHILE RETAINING ALL ORIGINAL FUNCTIONS. BELOW ARE ADDED DISK COMMANDS & FUNCTIONS :-

LOAD, SAVE, ERASE, RENAME, DIRECTORY, INITIALIZE, UPDATE, DRIVE 1 & 2, SHIFTLOCK & IMBEDDED PRINTER CONTROL CODES PLUS CTRL+P WHICH BYPASSES PRINT MENU AND PRINTS TO SCREEN OR PRINTER. A ROUTINE IS ALSO PROVIDED TO CONVERT YOUR BASIC PROGRAM OR SOURCE CODE FILES INTO WORD PROCESSOR FILES.

PATCH 3.3 HAS PROVISION FOR IMBEDDING PRINTER CONTROL CODES IN TEXT AND FAST SAVING AND LOADING OF TEXT DATA TO AND FROM DISK USING BLOCK SAVE/LOAD TECHNIQUES. PRINTER CONTROL CODES CAN BE SAVED TO TAPE OR DISK.

BSTWP.F - THIS UTILITY PROVIDED WITH PATCH 3.3 WILL CONVERT BASIC PROGRAMS AND ED/ASS. SOURCE CODE FILES INTO WORD PROCESSOR FILES.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS - VZ 300 + 16K RAM PACK - VZ 200 + 26K

PATCH 3.3 IS COPYRIGHT TO AND ONLY AVAILABLE FROM :-
HUNTER VALLEY VZ USERS' GROUP P.O.BOX 161 JESMOND 2299
N.S.W. AUSTRALIA - PHONE JOE LEON (049) 51 2756

PRICE - AUS/NZ AU$20.00 - UPDATE - AUS-$10.00 - NZ-AU$11.00.
UPDATING AVAILABLE ONLY TO PREVIOUS PURCHASERS OF PATCHES.

FOR MORE INFORMATION WRITE TO H.V.VZ.U.G. ENCLOSING A SSAE.

EXTENDED DOS V1.3 — $15.00

UPDATED VERSION WITH EXTRA COMMANDS ADDED :-

OLD COMMANDS - MERGE, DIRA, LDIRA, DIRB, LDIRB, OLD, OLD., DEC, HEX, STATUSA AND LSTATUSA. STATUSA AND LSTATUSA ALSO WORKS WITH VERSION 1.0 DOS.

NEW COMMANDS :-

MENU - LOADS AND RUNS BINARY OR TEXT MENU PROGRAM FROM DISK.
CODE - SIMPLIFIES USING PRINTER CONTROL CODES DIRECTLY OR FROM WITHIN A PROGRAM.
LTAB - IS FOR SETTING OF LEFT MARGIN.
MOVE - MOVES BASIC FILE FROM DISK TO CHOSEN MEMORY ADDRESS.
UPD - ERASES OLD FILE AND SAVES WITH SAME FILE NAME.

MENU/FILE COPIER — $15.00

THIS UTILITY WILL READ YOUR DISK DIRECTORY AND PRESENT YOU WITH SEVERAL OPTIONS. USING THE CURSOR YOU CAN RUN/BRUN ANY PROGRAM OR SELECT FILE COPY, REN, ERASE, DRIVE 1 OR 2, ETC. BESIDES COPYING TEXT AND BINARY FILES ALL OTHER FILES CAN BE COPIED AS WELL EXEPT FOR DATA FILES.

FOR PURCHASE OR INFORMATION CONTACT DAVE MITCHELL - (079) 27 8519
24 ELPHINSTONE ST. NORTH ROCKHAMPTON QUEENSLAND 4701

FOR INFORMATION OR DEMONSTRATION IN NEWCASTLE AREA CONTACT :-
JOE LEON - (049) 51 2756 - 22 DRURY STREET WALLSEND NSW 2287

TEST SUBROUTINE FOR PRESENCE OF CODE SEQUENCE--FOUR BYTES

```
 1700  6A4   3E        62
LD          A,#AA
 1701        AA       170          170 IS THE FIRST TEST BYTE
-------------------------------
 1702  6A6   BE       190          IS BYTE AT ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS = 170?
CP          (HL)
-------------------------------
 1703  6A7   23        35          NEXT ADDRESS
INC         HL
-------------------------------
 1704  6A8   C0       192          RETURN IF BYTE IS NOT '170'
RET         NZ
-------------------------------
 1705  6A9   2F        47          ELSE COMPLEMENT BYTE IN ACCUMULATOR
CPL
-------------------------------
 1706  6AA   BE       190          IS BYTE AT SECOND ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS = NEW BYTE IN ACCUMULATOR?
CP          (HL)
-------------------------------
 1707  6AB   23        35          NEXT ADDRESS
INC         HL
-------------------------------
 1708  6AC   C0       192          RETURN IF BYTES ARE NOT EQUAL
RET         NZ
-------------------------------
 1709  6AD   3E        62          '231' IS THE THIRD TEST BYTE
LD          A,#E7
 1710        E7       231
-------------------------------
 1711  6AF   BE       190          IS BYTE AT THIRD ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS = '231'?
CP          (HL)
-------------------------------
 1712  6B0   23        35          FOURTH AND FINAL ADDRESS
INC         HL
-------------------------------
 1713  6B1   C0       192          RETURN IF BYTES ARE NOT EQUAL
RET         NZ
-------------------------------
 1714  6B2   2F        47          ELSE COMPLEMENT BYTE IN ACCUMULATOR
CPL
-------------------------------
 1715  6B3   BE       190          AND COMPARE IT WITH BYTE AT ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS
CP          (HL)
-------------------------------
 1716  6B4   23        35          ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS IS NOW FIRST ADDRESS BEYOND FOUR TEST LOCATIONS
INC         HL
-------------------------------
 1717  6B5   C0       192          RETURN IF TWO BYTES ARE NOT EQUAL
RET         NZ
-------------------------------
 1718  6B6   FB       251          ELSE ENABLE INTERRUPTS
EI
-------------------------------
 1719  6B7   E9       233          AND JUMP TO ADDRESS IN HL REGISTERS--THE IPL SEQUENCE IS TERMINATED
JP          (HL)
-------------------------------
```

CALLED FROM #F9

```
 6989 1B4D      2A        42   #78A4 = 30884:
LD             HL,(#78A4)
 6990           A4       164   GET START OF PROGRAM
 6991           78       120   FROM COM. REGION POINTER
------------------------------
 6992 1B50      CD       205
CALL           #1DF8
 6993           F8       248   #1DF8 = 7672:
 6994           1D        29   TO TURN TRACE OFF
==============================
 6995 1B53      32        50
LD             (#78E1),A
 6996           E1       225   #78E1 = 30945: ZERO THE
 6997           78       120   AUTO INPUT FLAG--NO AUTO
------------------------------
 6998 1B56      77       119   ZERO THE FIRST TWO CELLS
LD             (HL),A
------------------------------
 6999 1B57      23        35   OF PROGRAM MEMORY--31465
INC            HL
------------------------------
 7000 1B58      77       119   AND 31466, THEN
LD             (HL),A
------------------------------
 7001 1B59      23        35   SET POINTER TO START OF
INC            HL
------------------------------
 7002 1B5A      22        34   VARIABLE LIST TABLE --
LD             (#78F9),HL
 7003           F9       249   #78F9 = 30969: TO 31467,
 7004           78       120   AS END OF PROGRAM
------------------------------
 7005 1B5D      2A        42   RECOVER START OF (NULL)
LD             HL,(#78A4)
 7006           A4       164   PROGRAM FROM POINTER
 7007           78       120   #78A4 = 30884
------------------------------
 7008 1B60      2B        43   BACKSPACE TO 31464--LAST
DEC            HL
------------------------------
 7009 1B61      22        34   LOCATION IN COM. REGION
LD             (#78DF),HL
 7010           DF       223   #78DF/E0 IS POINTER TO
 7011           78       120   PROGRAM START WHEN RUN
------------------------------
 7012 1B64      06         6   LOAD 26 CELLS IN COM.REG.
LD             B,#1A
 7013           1A        26   FOR VARIABLE DECLARATION
------------------------------
 7014 1B66      21        33   TABLE, STARTING AT
LD             HL,#7901
 7015           01         1   #7901 = 30977: WITH '4'
 7016           79       121   CODE FOR SINGLE PRECISION
------------------------------
 7017 1B69      36        54   VARIABLE DECLARATION
LD             (HL),#04
 7018           04         4   TABLE IS          AL--
------------------------------
 7019 1B6B      23        35   ONE ENTRY FOR EACH ALPHA
INC            HL
------------------------------
 7020 1B6C      10        16   CHARACTER.  LOOP UNTIL
DJNZ           $ -5
 7021           FB       251   JUMP TO 7017 TABLE DONE
==============================
 7022 1B6E      AF       175   ZERO ACCUMULATOR
XOR            A
------------------------------
 7023 1B6F      32        50   #78F2 = 30962:
LD             (#78F2),A
 7024           F2       242   FLAG NO ERROR FOR RESUME
 7025           78       120
------------------------------
 7026 1B72      6F       111   ZERO
LD             L,A
------------------------------
 7027 1B73      67       103   HL REGISTERS
LD             H,A
------------------------------
 7028 1B74      22        34   #78F0 = 30960:
LD             (#78F0),HL
 7029           F0       240   ZERO ON ERROR ADDRESS IN
 7030           78       120   #78F0/F1 OF COM. REGION
------------------------------
 7031 1B77      22        34   #78F7 = 30967: ZERO
LD             (#78F7),HL
 7032           F7       247   POINTER TO NEXT STATEMENT
 7033           78       120   FOLLOWING BREAK,STOP,END
------------------------------
 7034 1B7A      2A        42   #78B1 = 30897:
LD             HL,(#78B1)
 7035           B1       177   GET TOP OF MEMORY
 7036           78       120
------------------------------
 7037 1B7D      22        34   #78D6 = 30934: LOAD
LD             (#78D6),HL
 7038           D6       214   POINTER TO NEXT AVAILABLE
 7039           78       120   PLACE IN STRING SPACE
------------------------------
 7040 1B80      CD       205   #1D91 = 7569:
CALL           #1D91
 7041           91       145   CALL RESTORE ROUTINE TO
 7042           1D        29   PUT 31464 IN DATA POINTER
==============================
 7043 1B83      2A        42   #78F9 = 30969:
LD             HL,(#78F9)
 7044           F9       249   GET END OF BASIC PROGRAM-
 7045           78       120   PREVIOUSLY SET TO 31467
------------------------------
 7046 1B86      22        34   #78FB = 30971: SET END
LD             (#78FB),HL
 7047           FB       251   SIMPLE VARIABLES POINTER
 7048           78       120   EQUAL TO END OF PROGRAM
------------------------------
 7049 1B89      22        34   #78FD = 30973:
LD             (#78FD),HL
 7050           FD       253   LIKEWISE WITH END OF
 7051           78       120   ARRAY VARIABLES POINTER
------------------------------
```

IPL SEQUENCE DECODING CONTINUED . . 27/26

CALLED FROM #FC IN IPL SEQUENCE

```
 13444 3484      CD       205  #3FA0 = 16288: TO CHECK
CALL           #3FA0
 13445           A0       160  IF CTRL KEY WAS HELD DOWN
 13446           3F        63  WHEN VZ WAS SWITCHED ON
================================
 13447 3487      3E        62  32 IS GREEN SCREEN CODE
LD             A,#20
 13448           20        32
--------------------------------
 13449 3489      32        50  #783B = 30779: LOAD GREEN
LD             (#783B),A
 13450           3B        59  SCREEN CODE INTO 30779
 13451           78       120
--------------------------------
 13452 348C      32        50  ALSO LOAD '32' INTO
LD             (#6800),A
 13453           00         0  #6800 = 26624
 13454           68       104
--------------------------------
 13455 348F      3E        62
LD             A,#3C
 13456           3C        60
--------------------------------
 13457 3491      32        50  #783A = 30778: LOAD
LD             (#783A),A
 13458           3A        58              WITH '60'
 13459           78       120
--------------------------------
 13460 3494      3E        62  16 IS CURSOR FLASH COUNT
LD             A,#10
 13461           10        16
--------------------------------
 13462 3496      32        50  #7841 = 30785: PUT COUNT
LD             (#7841),A
 13463           41        65  IN CURSOR FLASH COUNTER
 13464           78       120  RANGE 16 TO 1
--------------------------------
 13465 3499      AF       175  ZERO ACCUMULATOR
XOR            A
--------------------------------
 13466 349A      32        50
LD             (#7AAF),A
 13467           AF       175  #7AAF = 31407: ZERO THIS
 13468           7A       122  LOCATION IN COM. REGION
--------------------------------
 13469 349D      21        33
LD             HL,#7AB2
 13470           B2       178  #7AB2 = 31410
 13471           7A       122
--------------------------------
 13472 34A0      22        34
LD             (#7AB0),HL
 13473           B0       176  #7AB0 = 31408: LOAD 31410
 13474           7A       122  INTO 31408/9
--------------------------------
 13475 34A3      3E        62
LD             A,#C9
 13476           C9       201
--------------------------------
 13477 34A5      C3       195
JP             #3E37
 13478           37        55
 13479           3E        62
================================
================================
 15927 3E37      32        50
LD             (#787D),A
 15928           7D       125  #787D = 30845: LOAD THE
 15929           78       120  INTERRUPT EXIT IN THE
--------------------------------
 15930 3E3A      3E        62  COM. REGION WITH RET CODE
LD             A,#10
 15931           10        16  16 IS CODE FOR YELLOW
--------------------------------
 15932 3E3C      32        50  #7846 = 30790: PUT YELLOW
LD             (#7846),A
 15933           46        70  CODE IN GRAPHIC CHARACTER
 15934           78       120  COLOR STORE
--------------------------------
 15935 3E3F      C9       201  RETURN TO #FF
RET
================================
================================
```

CALLED FROM #1B50

```
 7672  1DF8      AF       175  ZERO ACCUMULATOR
XOR            A
--------------------------------
 7673  1DF9      32        50  #791B = 31003:
LD             (#791B),A
 7674            1B        27  SET TRACE FLAG IN COM.
 7675            79       121  REGION TO OFF -- TROFF
--------------------------------
 7676  1DFC      C9       201  RETURN TO #1BF3
RET
================================
================================
```

```
7052  1B8C    CD      205   #79BB = 31163: DOS EXIT
CALL          #79BB
7053          BB      187   IN COMMUNICATIONS REGION
7054          79      121   IPL INITIALISED TO RET
==============================
7055  1B8F    C1      193   NO PREVIOUS PUSH--TRIVIAL
POP           BC
------------------------------
7056  1B90    2A       42   #78A0 = 30880: GET LOWER
LD            HL,(#78A0)
7057          A0      160   BOUNDARY OF STRING SPACE
7058          78      120
------------------------------
7059  1B93    2B       43   DECREMENT TWICE AND PUT
DEC.          HL
------------------------------
7060  1B94    2B       43   RESULT IN BACKSPACED
DEC           HL
------------------------------
7061  1B95    22       34   STACK ADDRESS STORE
LD            (#78E8),HL
7062          E8      232   #78E8 = 30952
7063          78      120
------------------------------
7064  1B98    23       35   INCREMENT
INC           HL
------------------------------
7065  1B99    23       35   TWICE TO RESTORE ORIGINAL
INC           HL
------------------------------
7066  1B9A    F9      249   VALUE AND PUT THIS IN
LD            SP,HL
------------------------------
7067  1B9B    21       33   Z80 STACK POINTER
LD            HL,#78B5
7068          B5      181   REGISTER
7069          78      120
------------------------------
7070  1B9E    22       34   #78B3 = 30899: THEN PUT
LD            (#78B3),HL
7071          B3      179   IN POINTER TO LITERAL
7072          78      120   STRING POOL: INITIALISED
------------------------------
7073  1BA1    CD      205   #038B = 907: TO SET
CALL          #038B
7074          8B      139   OUTPUT DEVICE TO VIDEO
7075          03        3
==============================
7076  1BA4    CD      205   #2169 = 8553: ALSO SETS
CALL          #2169
7077          69      105   OUTPUT DEVICE TO VIDEO
7078          21       33   SOME REDUNDANCY HERE
==============================
7079  1BA7    AF      175   ZERO ACCUMULATOR
XOR           A
------------------------------
7080  1BA8    67      103   THEN ZERO
LD            H,A
------------------------------
7081  1BA9    6F      111   HL REGISTERS
LD            L,A
------------------------------
7082  1BAA    32       50   #78DC = 30940:
LD            (#78DC),A
7083          DC      220   ZERO 'FOR' STATEMENT FLAG
7084          78      120
------------------------------
7085  1BAD    E5      229
PUSH          HL
------------------------------
7086  1BAE    C5      197
PUSH          BC
------------------------------
7087  1BAF    2A       42   #78DF = 30943:
LD            HL,(#78DF)
7088          DF      223   GET START ADDRESS OF
7089          78      120   PROGRAM WHEN RUN (31464)
------------------------------
7090  1BB2    C9      201   RETURN TO #FC
RET
==============================
```

CALLED FROM #3484: SUBROUTINE TO CHECK IF <CTRL> WAS PRESSED WHEN VZ SWITCHED ON

16288 3FA0	3A	58	#68FD = 26877
LD	A,(#68FD)		
16289	FD	253	GET BYTE FROM ROW ADDRESS IN KEYBOARD MATRIX
16290	68	104	THAT INCLUDES CTRL KEY
16291 3FA3	CB	203	
BIT	2 ,A		
16292	57	87	CHECK FOR PRESS OF <CTRL> WHILE VZ IS BEING SWITCHED ON
16293 3FA5	3E	62	LOAD ACCUMULATOR WITH DARK SPACE CHARACTER CODE--DARK CHARACTER FOR LIGHT SCREEN
LD	A,#20		
16294	20	32	THIS IS A PEEK/POKE CODE
16295 3FA7	20	32	JUMP TO 16305 IF <CTRL> IS NOT BEING PRESSED
JR	NZ,$ +8		
16296	08	8	BIT 2 OF 26877 WILL BE ZERO IF <CTRL> IS PRESSED
16297 3FA9	F6	246	<CTRL> PRESSED, SO CHANGE CODE TO '96'
OR	#40		
16298	40	64	WHICH IS LIGHT SPACE CHARACTER CODE AND DARK SCREEN CODE
16299 3FAB	32	50	#7818 = 30744: LOCATIONS 30744/5 IN COMMUNICATIONS REGION WERE INITIALLY LOADED
LD	(#7818),A		
16300	18	24	WITH ZERO BYTES AT START OF IPL SEQUENCE
16301	78	120	CHANGE SCREEN FLAG TO DARK, SINCE <CTRL> WAS PRESSED
16302 3FAE	32	50	#7819 = 30745: CHANGE SCREEN CHARACTER FLAG TO LIGHT --
LD	(#7819),A		
16303	19	25	LIGHT CHARACTERS ON A DARK SCREEN
16304	78	120	
16305 3FB1	32	50	AND LOAD CURSOR CHARACTER STORE IN COMMUNICATIONS REGION WITH
LD	(#783C),A		
16306	3C	60	SPACE CHARACTER CODE
16307	78	120	#783C = 30780
16308 3FB4	C3	195	
JP	#01C9		
16309	C9	201	#01C9 = 457:
16310	01	1	JUMP TO ROUTINE TO CLEAR SCREEN, HOME CURSOR AND SELECT MODE(0)